

Report to Governance and Audit Committee

Report of:	Alun Williams, Policy, Performance and Public Protection. Cabinet Member for Policy and Performance : Bryan Davies
Date:	27 th September 2023
Subject of the Report:	Draft Corporate Risk Management Policy, Strategy and Framework
Purpose of the Report:	To present the Draft Risk Management Policy, Strategy and Framework and to inform GAC of the process and next steps.

Background

The Council's Risk Management Policy, Strategy and Framework are reviewed every three years to ensure they remain up to date and fit for purpose. The latest review was conducted between December 2022 to January 2023.

The findings from the review have already been considered by Leadership Group and resulted in a number of updates to the Draft Risk Management Policy, Strategy and Framework.

The Draft Risk Management Policy and Strategy is attached as an Appendix.
The Draft Risk Management Framework is attached as an Appendix.

Current Position

The Risk Management Policy, Strategy and Framework has been updated to reflect the findings of the review and current trends in best practice. The main updates are listed below and highlighted yellow in the appendices for easy access.

- **Strengthening the monitoring of service risks** – service risks scoring 15 or above will be assessed quarterly by Leadership Group for escalation to the Corporate Risk Register and vice versa.
- **Service risks will be added to the Teifi Performance Management System** so that they can be updated and managed through the system.
- Clarified that the **threshold for risks to be considered by Leadership Group to be escalated / de-escalated is 15.**
- Clarified that **Leadership Group are responsible for deciding if risks should be escalated or de-escalated**
- **Clarified the role of Internal Audit in the Policy and Framework**, which is to assess and evaluate the effectiveness of actions in place to mitigate risk and provide objective assurance that risks are being managed appropriately. Additionally, Internal Audit will also provide objective assurance to Leadership Group,

Governance & Audit Committee and Council on the robustness and effectiveness of the risk management procedures by including periodic reviews of the Corporate Risk Register, Service Risk Register and Corporate Risk Management procedures.

- Clarify that **“target risk” scores should be provided** to accompany the mitigating actions for risk, i.e. what score should the risk be reduced to by delivering the mitigating actions identified.

Consultation

Following approval of the draft Risk Management document, Leadership Group decided that a consultation exercise limited to key stakeholders would take place to include members of the Governance and Audit Committee (GAC) and Zurich Insurance. Following the consultation, the final documents would be taken through the democratic process for final approval.

A consultation letter was sent to all members of the Governance and Audit Committee on the 30th of June, inviting written comments by the 25th August. A detailed and useful response has been received from the Deputy Chair of GAC and is currently being considered. Zurich’s response has also been received and they offer no changes to the draft.

N.B. Zurich are currently undertaking work with the authority to assist services in the identification of Service risks.

Next steps

Following consideration of response/s, the risk management documents will be amended to include any required changes. The updated risk management documents will be shared with GAC at its next meeting and will then be taken through the Democratic process for approval. Any further feedback from GAC on the risk Management Policy, Strategy and Framework at that stage will be included in subsequent reports

Following discussion, Leadership Group do not consider that a workshop for GAC on this topic is necessary, as all members of GAC have had the opportunity to engage with the consultation over the summer.

Recommendation	1. To note the draft Risk Management Policy, Strategy and Framework. 2. To note current progress and the next steps
Background papers and / or decisions:	Appendix – Letter to GAC members dated 30 th June Appendix 2: Risk Management Policy and Strategy Appendix 3: Risk Management Framework
Policy implication:	To strengthen the Council’s Risk Management process to ensure it is up to date and fit for purpose.
Budgetary issues:	None, the recommendations in this report will not affect budgets.

Further Report to Cabinet and/or Council:	yes



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Swyddog Arweiniol Corfforaethol : Polisi, Perfformiad a Diogelu'r Cyhoedd
Corporate Lead Officer : Policy, Performance and Public Protection

Alun Williams

Canolfan Rheidol, Rhodfa Padarn,
Llanbadarn Fawr, Aberystwyth. SY23 3UE
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30/06/2023

Dear All,

The Council's Risk Management Policy, Strategy and Framework are reviewed every three years to ensure they remain up to date and fit for purpose. We have been conducting this review in recent weeks, and I am pleased to announce that this work has now concluded.

The review identified improvements to strengthen the Risk Management process, reflect best practice and bring the Policy, Strategy and Framework up to date. The drafts were agreed by the Councils Leadership Group on the 28th of June for consultation with GAC and our insurers. The updated documents are attached in this mail and we welcome any feedback you may have.

For ease of reference, we have summarised the main updates below:

- Strengthened the monitoring of service risks – service risks scoring 15 or above will be assessed quarterly by Leadership Group for escalation to the Corporate Risk Register and vice versa.
- Service risks will be added to the Teifi Performance Management System so that they can be updated and managed through the system for easier and quicker access.
- Clarified that the threshold for risks to be considered by Leadership Group to be escalated / de-escalated is 15.
- Clarified that Leadership Group are responsible for deciding if risks should be escalated or de-escalated and that there will be some exceptions where risk scores can exceed 15 or more and remain as a service risk.
- Provided additional guidance in relation to instances where risk scores exceed 15 but remain a service risk, and conversely where they are lower than 15 but remain on the Corporate Risk Register.
- Expanded the role of Internal Audit in the Policy and Framework, which is to assess and evaluate the effectiveness of actions in place to mitigate risk and provide objective assurance that risks are being managed appropriately. Additionally, Internal Audit will also provide objective assurance to Leadership Group, Governance & Audit Committee and Council on the robustness and effectiveness of the risk management procedures by including periodic reviews of the Corporate Risk Register, Service Risk Register and Corporate Risk Management procedures.

Rydym yn croesawu gohebiaeth yn Gymraeg a Saesneg. Cewch ateb Cymraeg i bob gohebiaeth Gymraeg ac ateb Saesneg i bob gohebiaeth Saesneg. Ni fydd gohebu yn Gymraeg yn arwain at oedi.

We welcome correspondence in Welsh and English. Correspondence received in Welsh will be answered in Welsh and correspondence in English will be answered in English. Corresponding in Welsh will not involve any delay.

Prif Weithredwr / Chief Executive :
Cyfarwyddwyr Corfforaethol / Corporate Directors :

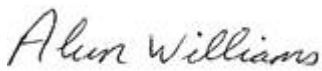
Eifion Evans
Barry Rees
James Starbuck

- Clarify that “target risk” scores should be provided to accompany the mitigating actions for risk, i.e. what score should the risk be reduced to by delivering the mitigating actions identified.

The period of stakeholder consultation with Governance and Audit Committee Members and other key stakeholders in Risk Management will begin today and end on the 25th August. Please could we request any written feedback by the above date. Following the consultation, we intend to take the Risk Management Policy, Strategy and Framework through the democratic process in the Autumn.

In the meantime, I hope you find the updated Risk Management documents useful, and don't hesitate to get in touch if there are any queries.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Alun Williams". The signature is written in dark ink on a white background.

Alun Williams
Corporate Lead Officer – Policy, Performance and Public Protection

Cc: Elin Prysor
Alex Jenkins
Harry Dimmack
Rob Starr
Diana Davies
Alison Hodgson

Ceredigion County Council

Risk Management Policy & Strategy



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Author:	Document Title:	Date:	Version:
Alun Williams Corporate Lead Officer Policy & Performance Alison Hodgson Corporate Performance & Improvement Officer	Risk Management Policy and Strategy	20 th June 2023	2.0 Final
Approved by:	Approval Date:	Publication Date:	Next Review Date:
Cabinet	Not yet approved		2025/26

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Foreword

Welcome to the Risk Management Policy and Risk Management Strategy document for Ceredigion County Council.

Effective risk management allows the Council to:

- have increased confidence in achieving our priorities and outcomes
- constrain threats to acceptable levels
- take informed decisions about exploiting opportunities
- ensure that we get the right balance between rewards and risks
- improve partnership working arrangements and corporate governance.
- Protect people, assets and council's reputation
- Maximise opportunities

Ultimately, effective risk management will help to ensure that the Council maximises its opportunities and minimises the impact of the risks it faces, thereby improving ability to deliver priorities, improve outcomes for residents and mitigating legal action and financial claims against the council and damage to its reputation.

The Risk Management Policy and Strategy document provides a comprehensive framework and process designed to support Members and Officers in ensuring that the Council is able to discharge its risk management responsibilities fully. The policy outlines the objectives and benefits of managing risk, describes the responsibilities for risk management, and provides an overview of the process that we have in place to manage risk successfully.

The Council will review the Policy and Strategy at least every three years and any variations from this policy will be reviewed by the Governance and Audit Committee, prior to approval by Cabinet.

This Policy and Strategy is underpinned by a complementary risk Management Framework document, which should be read in conjunction with this document.



Ceredigion County Council

Risk Management Policy

Risk Management Policy Statement

Ceredigion County Council recognises that a proactive approach to risk management is a vital aspect to achieving its vision of delivering value for money sustainable bilingual public services that support a strong economy and healthy environment while promoting well-being in our people and our communities.

The Council has established an effective Risk Management Strategy that is becoming embedded into the culture of the organisation and contributes to the achievement of the Corporate Strategy and in particular its organisational effectiveness.

The Council identifies, analyses, manages and applies cost-effective control of the risks it faces in order to:

1. Ensure that statutory obligations and policy objectives are met;
2. Ensure the Council achieves its Corporate Well-being Objectives and the National Well-being Objectives through improved service delivery.
3. Ensure the successful delivery of major and innovative projects.
4. Establish and maintain effective ways of working in partnership.
5. Preserve and promote the reputation of the Council;
6. Improve decision-making, planning, prioritisation and optimise operational efficiency.
7. Safeguard its elected Members, employees, service users, pupils and all other stakeholders to whom the Council has a duty of care.
8. Learn from previous opportunities or threats successes and failures to inform future management of risks.

The appraisal and management of risk is applied to all Ceredigion County Council processes and in particular forms part of our:-

- Policy making, audit and review
- Health & Safety policy and strategy
- Financial planning and control
- Strategic planning and objective setting
- Business and service planning and delivery,
- Reporting and decision making processes
- Performance management
- Project and Change management processes

It is acknowledged that some risks will always exist and will never be eliminated, however all employees must consider risk and accept responsibility for managing risks associated with their area of authority.

Risk Management Policy and Strategy

The Chief Executive has overall responsibility for securing adherence to the Council's policy on Risk Management

Risk Management Policies, Strategies and Processes will be reviewed for efficiency effectiveness and compliance as part of the management review cycle.



Ceredigion County Council

Risk Management Strategy

Purpose

The Risk Management Strategy sits alongside the policy statement, and sets the actions required to meet a series of risk management objectives.

Objectives

The objectives of this Strategy are:

- Embedding and integrating risk management into the culture of the Council;
- Assignment of roles, responsibilities and accountability for risk management activities within the Council;
- Raising the awareness of the need for risk management by all those connected with the Council's delivery of services;
- Prevention of injury, damage and losses to reduce the cost of risk;
- Enhanced realisation of opportunities and resulting benefits;
- Ensuring consistency throughout the Council in the management of risk.

These objectives will be achieved by the following actions

- Incorporating risk management considerations into all levels of business planning;
- Incorporating risk management considerations into all levels of programme, project and partnership arrangements;
- Skills training and development for all elected Members, managers and staff, in the effective management of risk;
- Regular monitoring and reporting of risk to identify trends and likely direction of risks for Members and Senior Managers to be aware of when making decisions.
- The Risk Management Framework will be available to all elected Members, staff, the public and other stakeholders on the Council's intranet and internet and will be communicated via management channels.
- All Members will receive training on risk so that they can consider the implications of risk in their work for the Council.
- Leadership Group and Senior Managers will receive risk management training with the aim of ensuring that they have the skills necessary to identify, appraise and control the risks associated with the services they provide.
- All managers and other identified officers will receive risk management and risk assessment training as required.

Definitions

Ceredigion County Council defines **Risk** as:

‘the possibility that something might happen that will have a detrimental impact on the achievement of the Council’s objectives, reputation, or service delivery’. Risk is measured in terms of impact and likelihood

Risk Management is the planned and systematic processes, by which key risks are identified, evaluated and managed enabling maximisation of benefits and minimisation of potentially negative consequences to the Council and its partners. Risks can be broken down and further defined as

Risk management allows the Council to:

- a. Identify risks in the context of Corporate objectives, including potential opportunities.
- b. Assess risks to determine the likelihood and impact of each risk.
- c. Determine the response to each risk individually.
- d. Develop the necessary actions, controls and processes to implement the chosen response to each risk.
- e. Communicate the approach to risk management and the results of risk management activity.
- f. Maximise opportunities.

Managing risks informs strategic and business planning and helps the Council to meet the Corporate Well-Being objectives set out in its Corporate Strategy 2017-2022, improve service delivery and enhance value for money.

Risk Culture

A strong business wide risk culture is an important aspect of strong corporate governance. Risk Culture is the shared values, attitudes and practices that characterise how the Council considers risk on a day-to-day basis by

- a. Raising awareness of risks faced by the Council.
- b. Understanding of the business and the relevance of risk.
- c. Clear ownership of risks.
- d. Clearly defined responsibilities for risk management activity.
- e. Effective monitoring and reporting of the effectiveness of risk.

Whilst the Council should not be risk averse, the principles contained within this policy ensure that the Council strikes the right balance in its approach to business opportunity and risk management.

Roles & Responsibilities

Responsibility for effective risk management rests with all Members and Officers of the Council. Given the diversity of Council services and the wide range of potential risks, it is essential that responsibility for identifying and taking action to address potential risks is clear.

The Governance and Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the effective development and operation of corporate risk management in the Council.

The allocation of further roles and responsibilities are set out in [Appendix 1](#).

Resourcing Risk Management

Risk management is not a new issue and every Member and Officer is responsible for considering risk implications as they relate to their actions.

The Leader of Ceredigion County Council, supported by the Chief Executive is responsible for ensuring that a Risk Management Policy and Strategy is in place.

The designated Corporate Lead Officer for Risk at Leadership Group Level is the Corporate Lead Officer Policy, Performance & Public Protection

The Performance and Research team will act as a link between elected members, and Leadership Group for all aspects of risk management.

Corporate Governance

In accordance with the CIPFA / SOLACE Guidance on Corporate Governance, the County Council has adopted a Local Code of Corporate Governance setting out the framework through which it will carry out its responsibilities to deliver effective services.

Principle F of the above CIPFA guidance states: Managing Risks and performance through robust internal control and strong public financial management in the above framework recognises that 'Risk management and internal control are important and integral parts of a performance management system and crucial to the achievement of outcomes. Risk should be considered and addressed as part of all decision making activities'.

This Risk Management Strategy ensures that the Council's Risk Management Policy is fully embedded into the Council's strategic and operational planning and monitoring processes

Involvement of other Related Groups

There are a number of other officer groups in existence, which will deal with specific areas of risk management. These include

- Health and Safety Forum
- Personal Safety Group
- Emergency Planning and Business Continuity Management Group
- Ceredigion Severe Weather group
- Information Technology (Strategy)
- Information Management Group
- SIRO – Information Risk Group

- Capital Monitoring Group
- Corporate Project Management Group
- Development Group
- Asset Management Group

Internal Audit

The Council's Internal Audit service will provide objective assurance to Leadership Group, Governance & Audit Committee and Council on the robustness and effectiveness of the risk management procedures. Internal Audit will periodically review the Corporate Risk Register and evaluate the Corporate Risk Management procedures including the reporting of risks.

The Annual Internal Audit Plan is risk-based and is aligned to the Corporate Risk Register to ensure resources are prioritised according to risk. Internal Audit will periodically evaluate the management of key risks included in Risk Registers. All red risks within the Corporate Risk Register will be included in the Internal Audit plan of work over a rolling two-year period and periodic reviews of Service Risk Registers will also be included in the Internal Audit plan.

Internal Audit will provide objective assurance that risks are being managed appropriately for each completed audit engagement. The auditor will identify risks and test the controls in place to mitigate these risks. Audit findings will be reported to the relevant Corporate Lead Officer and Corporate Managers together with a resulting action plan including risks identified, areas for improvement and management actions required to mitigate risks.

Checks will be undertaken by Internal Audit to ensure agreed actions are implemented by management.

Leadership Group will receive copies of all finalised external audit reports and internal audit progress reports to assess if implemented actions sufficiently address the identified risks and whether any changes are required to the Corporate Risk Register.

Partnerships

Collaboration projects and subsequent partnership working will adhere to the internal Collaboration Projects Protocol. The protocol establishes the process to be followed when entering into a new project/partnership, how to review and assess current projects/partnerships and how to end our involvement in a project/partnership. All templates that make up the protocol will include risk identification, assessment or monitoring.

External Contracts

The central procurement team maintains a contracts register.

The Council will consider all potential risks around supply and service delivery when preparing for the procurement, and mitigates these through due diligence questions in tenders and appropriate measures in contracts. Subsequent contract management, monitoring of key contracts and good relationships with suppliers will allow for early identification of risks arising during the lifetime of the contract, and for appropriate action to be taken when necessary.

Central Procurement will establish networks with other authorities and agencies, and share risk management information and raise awareness of potential risk issues that could impact on the Council from a procurement perspective.

Community Risks / Long Term Risks

The Dyfed Powys Local Resilience Forum Community Risk Register outlines specific risks that may cause a civil emergency in the Dyfed Powys Police region. Inclusion of a risk in the Community Risk Register, doesn't mean it will happen. It means it is recognised as a possibility and organisations have made arrangements to reduce its impact.

The top risks identified include:

- Impact of Brexit
 - Pandemic Flu,
 - Flooding,
 - other Severe Weather (such as storms, gales, low temperatures, heavy snow, heat waves and drought),
 - Loss of Infrastructure,
 - Pollution,
 - Animal Disease,
 - Industrial Incidents,
 - Transport Incidents.

Long Term Risks include

- Financial Resilience
- Workforce resilience capability and capacity
- Cyber Attack

Reviews

The Risk Management Policy and Strategy will be reviewed every three years (or more frequently if required by changes to statutory legislation) and both the Governance and Audit Committee and Leadership Group will be consulted prior to finalising and submitting the policy to Cabinet for approval:

The Corporate Risk Register will be reviewed by Leadership Group and the Governance and Audit Committee at each of their meetings and will be made available to all managers through the Teifi Performance System.

Other Risk Registers to be reviewed as part of the appropriate partnership and management arrangements.

Appendix 1: Roles and Responsibilities

Everyone has a role to play in an integrated risk management framework. Combining shared leadership with a team approach will help contribute to its ultimate success. Roles as identified at present are:

Group/Stakeholder	Role Description
CABINET MEMBERS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• To approve and review the Risk Management Policy and Strategy underpinned by the Risk Management Framework in order to protect its assets and as an integral part of its vision for Ceredigion
GOVERNANCE AND AUDIT COMMITTEE	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• To monitor the effective development and operation of risk management in the Council.• To monitor progress in addressing risk-related issues reported to the Committee• To consider the Corporate Risk Register as an agenda item
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Promote Risk Management and its benefits throughout the Council.• To take overall responsibility for securing adherence to the Council's Policy on Risk Management.• Appoint a Corporate Lead Officer to take responsibility for risk management.
LEADERSHIP GROUP (LG)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Recommend the approval of Risk Management Policy and Strategy underpinned by the Risk Management Framework• To ensure Risk Management is implemented across the Council in line with the approved Risk Management Policy and Strategy• To oversee the establishment and maintenance of a Corporate Risk Register• To be responsible for the acceptance or removal of a Corporate Risk to or from the Corporate Risk Register• Allocate responsibility to Corporate Lead Officers to develop action plans for corporate strategic risks• To consider and approve Risk management plans and initiatives including action plans for the management of Critical Risks• Consider risks attached to proposals for new / changed policies and service delivery arrangements.

Group/Stakeholder	Role Description
CORPORATE LEAD OFFICER, POLICY PERFORMANCE & PUBLIC PROTECTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Corporate Lead Officer Policy & Performance is responsible for risk management. • To appraise the effectiveness of mechanisms used to control identified risks.
CORPORATE LEAD OFFICER FINANCE & PROCUREMENT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Corporate Lead Officer Finance & Procurement is responsible for the insurance provision within the Authority
PERFORMANCE & RESEARCH MANAGER AND CORPORATE PERFORMANCE & IMPROVEMENT OFFICER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordinate risk management activity across the Council • Report on risk management activity to Corporate Lead Officer - Policy Performance & Public Protection • Maintain a corporate risk register and liaise with Corporate Lead Officers relating to service risks. • Arrange risk management training for officers and Members, appropriate to their needs and responsibilities. • Provide advice and assistance as required. • Review the Risk Management Framework as required.
CORPORATE LEAD OFFICERS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To be responsible for the management of risks within their control in order to safeguard their employees and clients, protect assets and to preserve and enhance service delivery to the citizens by ensuring the successful delivery of the Council's stated objectives • To ensure that risk management and business continuity are embedded at all levels within their area of responsibility. • To establish and maintain a Service Risk Register on Teifi • Develop action plans in relation to corporate strategic risks as they relate to their area and record these in the relevant Service Improvement Plan. • To review the suitability of Risk Management plans and initiatives and make recommendations on these to the Leadership Group • To ensure the timely escalations of risks identified as being of significance to the Council as a whole. • To encourage the availability and sharing of risk information Council-wide. • To share experience on risk, risk management and risk management strategy implementation across the Council. • Responsible for the acceptance of Risk from the Corporate Risk Register or from a Team Risk Register. • Responsible for recommending the escalation of a Risk to the Corporate Risk Register or de-escalation or approving the archiving of a risk

Group/Stakeholder	Role Description
CORPORATE LEAD OFFICERS (Continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review service risks at Corporate Lead Officer Manager meetings on a regular basis. • Notify the Director of Finance of any significant changes in service provision likely to arise if a risk materialises to enable him/her to ensure that appropriate and adequate insurance and financing measures are in place.
CORPORATE MANAGERS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To ensure that risk is managed effectively at all levels in each service area within their particular service areas. • To continue to develop their Team Risk Registers and update them on a regular (at least quarterly) basis. • To ensure the timely escalations of risks identified as being of significant to the Service/Council as a whole. • To ensure that risk management is linked to Service Plans, projects etc. and apply risk management to those risks requiring further action, particularly new developments and "project" work • Understand and maintain awareness of risk management principles and take responsibility for managing risk within their own working environment • Be aware of existing risk assessments related to their area of work and relevant procedures or control measures for adoption in order to reduce identified risks.
EMPLOYEES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To bring to the attention of their line manager any matters that they believe to be a risk to the successful delivery of services or the meeting of the Council's objectives • Contribute in the identification, assessment and control of risks wherever possible
INTERNAL AUDIT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Head of Internal Audit provides objective assurance on the organisation's performance to the Risk Management Framework, the adequacy and effectiveness of risk management procedures and that risks are being managed appropriately
EXTERNAL AUDIT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Audit Wales are the Council's External Auditors and attend meetings of the Audit Committee and contribute to the assurances on Risk Management provided.

Ceredigion County Council

Risk Management Framework



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Author:	Document Title:	Date:	Version:
Alison Hodgson -Corporate Performance & Improvement Officer	Risk Management Framework	20 th June 2023	3.0 Draft
Approved by:	Approval Date:	Publication Date:	Next Review Date:
Cabinet	Not yet approved		2025/26

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Risk Management Framework

Introduction

The Risk Management Framework underpins the Risk Management Policy and Strategy to ensure that the objectives of the Council's Risk Management Policy are realised.

Background

Good risk management is a key tool in assisting the organisation to manage uncertainty in order to enable the organisation to better achieve the outcome of its objectives. Risk management is intended to be a planned and systematic approach to the identification, assessment and management of the risks facing the organisation. It is essential that steps are taken to effectively manage those risks. Risk management supports innovative solutions as it carefully considers benefits, alongside the risks, that may occur.

The traditional means of protecting against the more obvious risks has been through insurance. However, there are many risks which cannot be insured against and which must be addressed in different ways. Even in the case of those risks which are insurable, action can be taken to reduce the potential risks with consequent savings of premiums and disruption of work.

The risk management framework aims to:-

- Clarify responsibilities for identifying and managing risks
- Ensure that an appropriate level of risk management is consistently applied across the Council
- Increase awareness and use of risk management as a normal element of service management and improvement
- Facilitate sharing of experience and good practice across the Council and with other bodies

Risk Management Approach

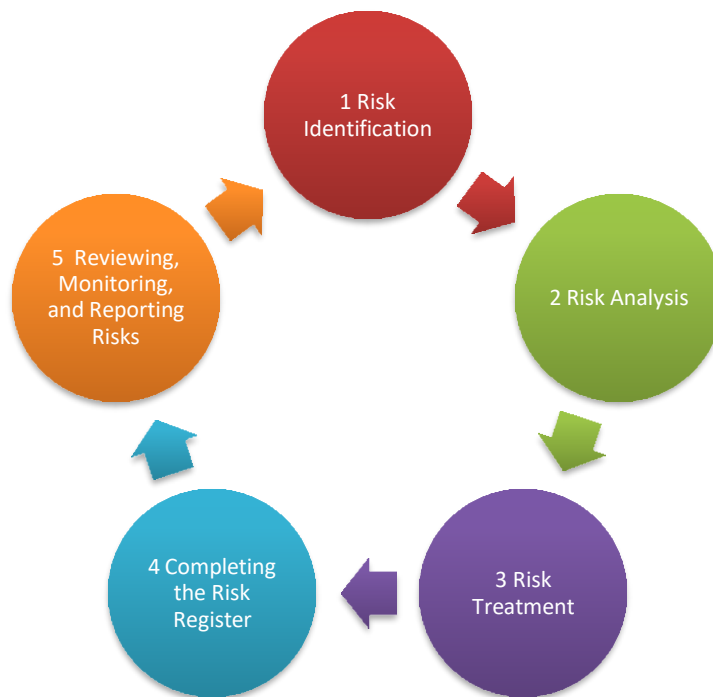
The development of a consistent, corporate approach to risk management needs to be done in a methodical and proportionate way in order to avoid the creation of a self-defeating bureaucratic burden.

To ensure that risk management is handled in the most efficient way within the Council, risk is included as

- part of the Business Planning and Service Planning process
- an agenda item on all departmental meetings to identify emerging risks and changes
- part of Corporate Project Management processes
- part of procurement processes
- As an agenda item at all Leadership Group meetings
- As an agenda item at Governance and Audit Committee meetings

Methodology

A methodology for identifying, assessing and managing risk within the Council has been developed. This methodology has the advantage of being relatively straightforward to use and can be applied to both the strategic risks of the Council and as part of the routine service, partnership arrangements, project planning and change management processes.



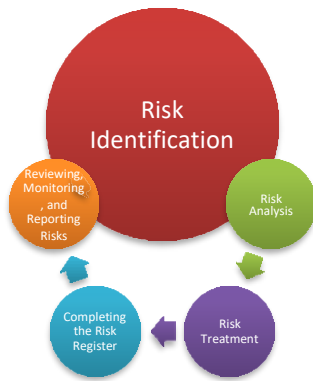
Risk Identification deals with the mechanisms for identifying risk by anyone within the organisation

Risk Analysis deals with how we assess risk

Risk Treatment deals with how we respond to the risk

Completing the Risk Register deals with recording the risk and risk ownership

Reviewing, Monitoring, and Reporting Risks sets out how we manage our risks



The first phase of the risk management cycle involves the identification of existing and emerging threats and opportunities.

This is carried out in all areas of the council's business, and are classified as Corporate, Service; Team, Partnership Project or Community.

Risk Identification

The objectives of the Authority or Service should always be a primary focus when identifying risks. Consideration should be given to; what could pose a potential threat, or opportunity, to the achievement of those objectives?

Risks and issues often get confused and a useful way of remembering the difference is;

- ☐ Risks are things that **might happen** and stop us achieving objectives, or otherwise impact on the success of the organisation.
- ☐ Issues are things that **have already happened** and require management action.

Risks can be identified by anyone and in a variety of ways including;

Internally through:

- Self-assessments
- Risk Assessment carried out annually jointly with Audit Wales
- Current performance
- User satisfaction
- Complaints
- Internal Audit reports
- Team Meetings / Staff suggestions and feedback

Externally through:

- Audit Wales reports
- Other Regulators' reports
- Our insurance provider Zurich
- The press / media
- Consultation and Citizen Engagement

Once identified, it is essential the risk is clearly described to ensure it is understood by all potential audiences.



Risk Analysis



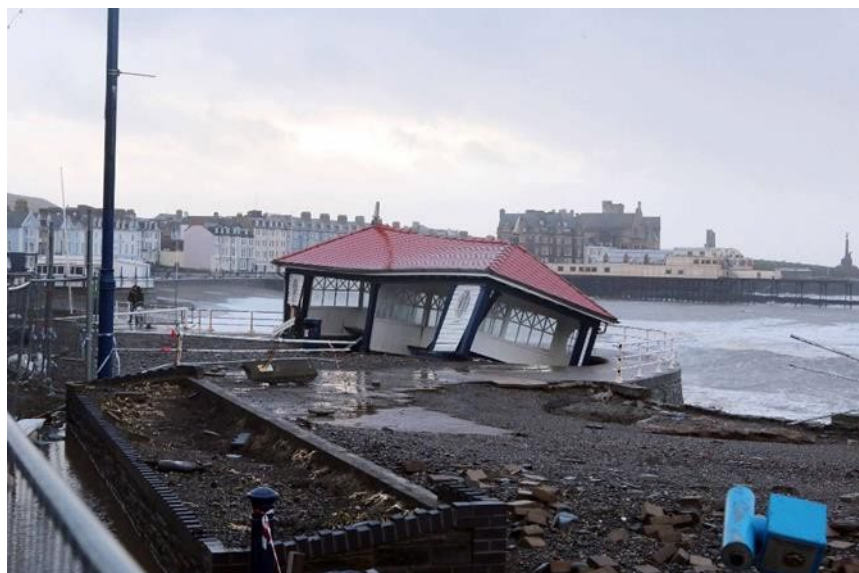
Risk Analysis involves categorisation, assessing how likely it is that an incident might occur and what the impact will be if it does happen.

The Council's appetite for dealing with the risk is determined using the Council's Risk Rating matrix.

Category may be Strategic or Operational

How **Likely** is it that it will occur

What will be the **Impact** if it does happen



Categorisation

Risks can be categorised as Strategic or Operational

Strategic Risks will impact on the medium to long term goals and objectives of the Council and will often include external factors that could impact decisions made inside the Authority.

The following table identifies the external PESTLE categories that should be considered. [Appendix 1](#) provides further examples of the factors that could contribute to each category.

Strategic	Political:	Those associated with failure to deliver either local or central government policy, or meet the local administration's manifesto commitments.
	Economic:	Those affecting the ability of the Council to meet its financial commitments. These include internal budgetary pressures, the failure to purchase adequate insurance cover, external macro level economic changes or the consequences of proposed investment decisions.
	Social:	Those relating to the effect of changes in demographic, residential or socio-economic trends on the council's ability to deliver its objectives
	Technological:	Those associated with the capacity of the council to deal with the pace/scale of technological change, or its ability to use technology to address changing demands. They may also include the consequences of internal technological failures on the council's ability to deliver its objectives.
	Legislative:	Those associated with current or potential changes in Law (e.g. TUPE regulations).
	Environmental:	Those relating to the environmental consequences of progressing the Council's strategic objectives (e.g. in terms of energy efficiency, pollution, recycling, landfill requirements, emissions etc.)

Operational Risks are those that managers and staff will encounter in the daily course of their work. These may be considered as follows

Operational	Professional:	Those associated with the particular nature of each profession (e.g. housing service concerns, as to the welfare of tenants).
	Financial:	Those associated with financial planning and control and the adequacy of insurance cover.
	Legal:	Those related to possible breaches of legislation.
	Physical:	Those related to fire, security, accident prevention, and health and safety (e.g. hazards, risks associated with buildings, vehicles, plant and equipment, etc.).
	Contractual:	Those associated with the failure of contractors to deliver services or products to the agreed cost and specification
	ICT (Operational):	Those relating to reliance on operational equipment (e.g. IT systems or equipment and machinery
	Customer/Client	Those relating to the identification of customer/client needs and expectations.

Assessing Likelihood (probability)

This requires assessing the chance or likelihood that a risk will occur. Likelihood should as far as possible be based on an objective assessment of:

- a) the likelihood of their occurrence
- b) the strength of measures (such as contingency plans) to prevent or anticipate such an occurrence
- c) are there opportunities to make improvements and are there any barriers in the way?

The Likelihood or probability of an event occurring should be scored on a scale of one to five where one is rare and five is almost certain. [Appendix 2](#) sets out the criteria that should be applied in assessing how likely an event is to occur.

Assessing Impact

Assessing Impact looks at the consequences for the Authority, service-users and others, of such an occurrence if it were to happen.

The impact of any event if it occurs should be scored on a scale of one to five, where one is negligible and five is severe. [Appendix 3](#) provides the assessment criteria that should be applied to assess the impact that an event could have on the Authority.

Risk Level

The Risk Level is determined as follows.



The Risk Matrix below demonstrates Risk Level and determines the Council's appetite for responding to the risk.

	Negligible (1)	Minor (2)	Moderate (3)	Major (4)	Severe (5)
Almost Certain (5)	5 Medium Risk	10 Medium Risk	15 High Risk	20 High Risk	25 Critical Risk
Likely (4)	4 Low Risk	8 Medium Risk	12 Medium Risk	16 High Risk	20 High Risk
Possible (3)	3 Low Risk	6 Medium Risk	9 Medium Risk	12 Medium Risk	15 High Risk
Unlikely (2)	2 Low Risk	4 Low Risk	6 Medium Risk	8 Medium Risk	10 Medium Risk
Rare (1)	1 Low Risk	2 Low Risk	3 Low Risk	4 Low Risk	5 Medium Risk

Risk Appetite

The Council's appetite for responding to risk can be summarised as follows. A detailed description of the levels of Risk can be found at [Appendix 4](#)

Risk Level	Occurrence likelihood	Risk Type	Management
Low Risk (1-4)	Either remote or possible likelihood of occurrence	Team/Service/Project Risk	Accept or manage with routine procedures
Medium Risk (5-12)	Either remote, possible or likely chance of occurrence	Corporate/Service/Project Risk	Manage with specific monitoring or response procedures
High Risk (15-20)	Is Likely to occur	Corporate Risk	Escalated for further consideration/planning
Critical Risk (25)	Almost Certain to occur	Corporate Risk	Escalated with detailed contingency planning

Risk Treatment



Risk Treatment will require an assessment of the appetite for risk See previous section and determining the appropriate risk treatment.

Risk Treatment determines how the risk will be reacted to or managed

Risk Treatment

Risk treatment is the process of assessing how the risk is to be reacted to or managed.

This needs to include consideration of the most cost effective way to mitigate the risk and if the action taken will effectively reduce the risk to an acceptable level within a reasonable time span based on the severity of the risk.

Accept / tolerate	Manage the risk within existing management routines. Risks should only be accepted where officers believe that the residual risk is tolerable and have no material impact upon Objectives (i.e. where they are in the green zone of the matrix).
Retention (accept and budget)	The risk is accepted and appropriate budget is allocated to meet costs resulting from the risk occurring.
Reduction (optimise – mitigate)	Identify additional action(s) to be taken that will reduce the likelihood and / or impact if the event occurred. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A clear plan of action is required, stating what will be done, by whom and by when. • A target Risk Rating should be provided (i.e. what rating should the risk be reduced to by taking the actions identified). • Resources will need to be identified and a cost/benefit analysis included.
Sharing (transfer – outsource or insure)	Transferring risk by <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • using an insurer or other third party to cover the cost or losses should a risk materialise. However, care needs to be taken to accurately specify the risks to be covered. • Making arrangements with others such as joint working, partnerships or contracting out to provide services could also be used to transfer risks. However, other risks can arise from these arrangements and the responsibility of providing the service could remain with the Council. When transferring risks to other parties, ensure that risk registers give detail of where liability and accountability lie between parties involved.

Avoidance (eliminate, withdraw from or not become involved)	<p>Ceasing to carry out the activity because modifying it or controlling it would not reduce the risk to an acceptable level. Consequences to the successful delivery of the Objectives affected should be documented and reported to the relevant Corporate Lead Officer and Leadership Group before implementing this action.</p>
Exploiting	<p>Where an opportunity is identified, actively take advantage of risk through realisation, enhancement and exploitation to gain benefit.</p>

Completing the Risk Register



All risks must be recorded on a Risk Register.

The Corporate and Service level Risk Registers will be held on Teifi Performance, the Council's Corporate Performance Management System.

Team, contract and partnership risks will continue to be held and monitored at local level, but will promote to service level risks if deemed appropriate at the relevant monitoring review.

Responsibility for maintaining the risk registers lies at each appropriate level of the Authority.

Risk Registers

The Council will maintain a number of Risk Register Types. The following table provides a definition of the current risk types and the required ownership.

Risk Level	Definition	Owner
Corporate Risks	Risks that could have an effect on the successful achievement of our long term vision, priorities and outcomes. These are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Risks that could potentially have a council-wide impact and/or Risks that cannot be managed solely at a business unit level because higher level support is needed. 	Leadership Group
Service Risks	Risks at a service area level that could have an effect on the successful achievement of the group and business unit outcomes / objectives. Potentially these risks could have a significant financial, reputational and/or service delivery impact on the council as a whole if the risk is not well managed.	Corporate Lead Officer
Team Risks	Risks at a Team level that could have an effect on the successful achievement of the team's outcomes / objectives.	Corporate Manager
Contract risks	Risks that could have an effect on the successful achievement of the contract's outcomes / objectives in terms of delivery, outcomes and value for money. Contract risks are managed throughout the contracting process including contract management/business as usual.	Corporate Manager

Programme/Project/ Partnership risks	Risks that could have an effect on the successful achievement of the programme, project or partnership's outcomes / objectives in terms of service delivery, benefits realisation and engagement with key stakeholders (service users, third parties, partners etc.).	Project Manager
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On identification and assessment of a risk and completion of a risk proposal, An owner must be assigned and the risk accepted before being recorded on the appropriate Risk Register.

On acceptance, a signed copy of the Risk Proposal ([Appendix 5](#)) must be sent to TeifiPerformanceSupport@ceredigion.gov.uk for it and the mitigating tasks to be uploaded to the Corporate Performance Management System, Teifi Performance.

Once uploaded to the risk register, the risk owner will be responsible for assessing and updating the risk rating at least every quarter in accordance with the Teifi Performance Guidance notes

Escalating a Risk

This is a key process by which risks identified and managed within one level of the Council can be raised to the next level should it be considered appropriate or necessary.

Risks should be escalated: either

- To the Corporate Risk Register if the risk is rated as 15 or higher and the prospects for immediate reduction are poor or
- To the Corporate Risk Register for a cross service risk or the appropriate Service Risk Register if the risk is rated as 5 or higher and the prospects for immediate reduction are poor

And/or if

- Control of the risk has failed/been lost (i.e. risk level continues to rise despite controls having been applied)
- The risk identified is beyond the scope/remit of the Service/Team
- An incident/number of incidents of the risk has occurred.

De-Escalating a Risk

A risk should be de-escalated either

- From the Corporate Risk Register if the Risk Rating has reduced to 14 or less and the risk is a single service risk or
- From the Service Risk Register if the Risk Rating has reduced to 4 or less

And/or if

- The Risk is no-longer considered as far-reaching as previously thought

Candidate Risks

Each quarter, once the risks have been updated on the Teifi Performance Management system, a report will be presented to Leadership Group highlighting any risks that require review to either escalate or de-escalate between the Corporate Risk Register and the Service Risk Register. These are known as 'Candidate Risks'.

Leadership Group are responsible for deciding if risks should be escalated or de-escalated.

There are instances where risk scores exceed 15 and remain a service risk, and conversely where scores are lower than 15 but remain on the Corporate Risk Register. In these instances, Leadership Group are responsible for making the final decision regarding escalation and de-escalation. Some examples of these instances include:

- A risk that scores 15 or above but is deemed to be best managed at service level because the risk is well understood, is resourced adequately and has strong mitigating actions in place which are being delivered.
- A risk that scores 15 or above that is clearly within the definition of operational risks, i.e. those risks that managers and staff will encounter in the daily course of their work.
- A risk that is considered to need a greater level of oversight may score below 15 but remain on the Corporate Risk Register. Once a risk is added to the Corporate Risk

Register it will receive greater scrutiny and monitoring from Leadership Group, Governance and Audit Committee, Internal Audit and Performance. For example, this might be where there are issues outside of the service's control which make it difficult for the service to mitigate the risk and reduce its impact and/or likelihood of occurring.

- A risk could also be escalated to the Corporate Risk Register to ensure the resources required are available to effectively respond to, and mitigate, the risk, such as financial resources or people.
- Some risks could remain on the Corporate Risk Register if they score lower than 15, such as a corporate risk that has recently been reduced in score, but where additional monitoring is required to ensure it remains below the threshold of 15.

Archiving a Risk

A risk may be archived if

- The Risk Rating has reduced to 4 or less
And
- The Risk is no longer considered to be a priority for the Council or service

An archived risk may be brought back to an appropriate risk register if the risk re-emerges as a priority in the future.

Again, each quarter, once the risks have been updated on the Teifi Performance Management system, service risks that are 4 or below will appear on the relevant CLO's Teifi desktop requesting them to either archive or retain the service risk.

Risk, Review, Monitoring and Reporting



Teifi Performance is used as the mechanism for:

- Recording all corporate and service risks
- Reviewing the identified corporate and service risks
- Review of the mitigating tasks
- Monitoring the impact of mitigating tasks on corporate and service risks
- Reporting corporate and service Risks to the appropriate forum

Reviewing Risk

Risk scores, controls and tasks should be reviewed regularly by risk owners, to ensure they are current and that there is full accountability.

If a risk is no longer current, it should be removed from the risk register.

Risk registers should be taken regularly to the Governance and Audit Committee, Leadership Group and Management Teams for review and to horizon scan for any new emerging risks.

Monitoring Risk

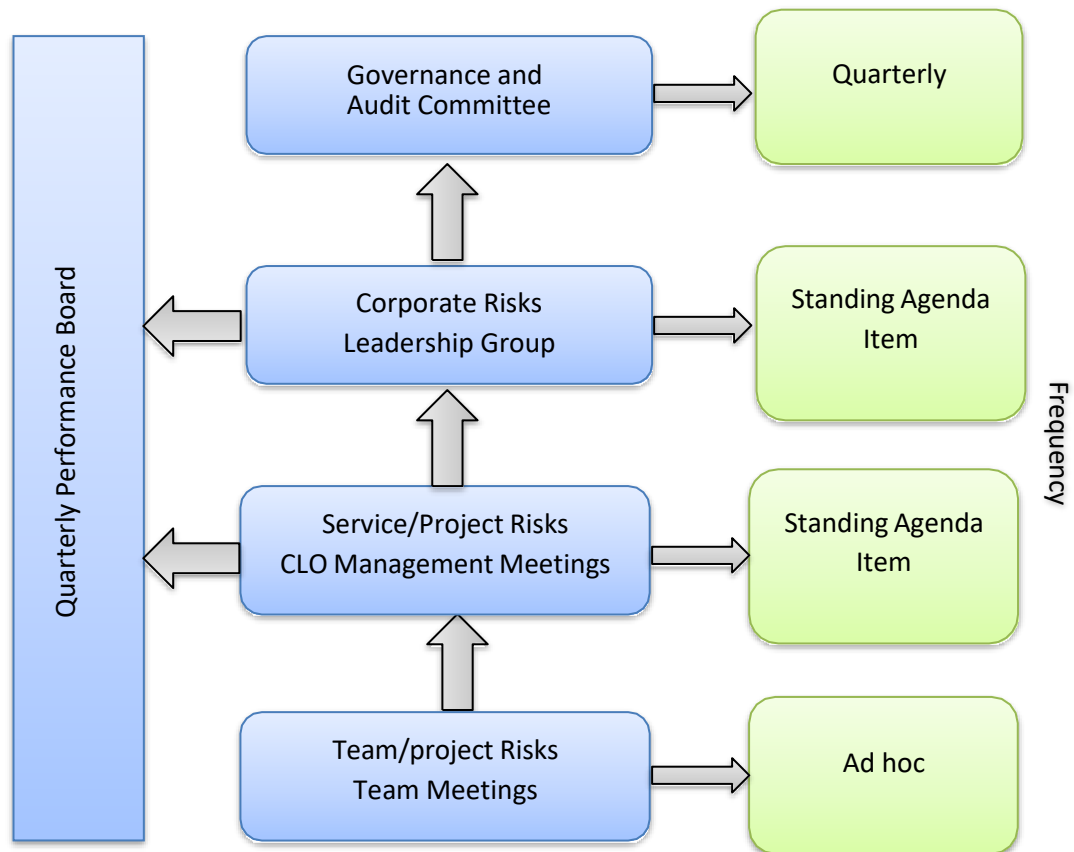
Monitoring of risk is a key stage of the risk management process. There needs to be a continual and regular assessment of the effectiveness of the tasks put in place to reduce the likelihood/impact of adverse risk events occurring.

Risks should be monitored at relevant team, service or group meetings.

Reporting Risk

Risk reporting should always be a two-way communication process, to ensure risk management becomes fully embedded as a day-to-day management tool.

The risk reporting structure is shown below.



Evaluation / Assurance

Internal Audit will assess and evaluate the effectiveness of actions in place to mitigate risk and provide objective assurance that risks are being managed appropriately. Additionally, Internal Audit will also provide objective assurance to Leadership Group, Governance & Audit Committee and Council on the robustness and effectiveness of the risk management procedures by including periodic reviews of the Corporate Risk Register, Service Risk Register and Corporate Risk Management procedures.

Risk Management Framework -Appendices

Appendix 1: Assessment Criteria for PESTLE Categories

Political	Economic	Social	Technological	Legal	Environmental
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Government stability. • Freedom of speech, corruption, party in control • Regulation trends. • Tax policy, and trade controls. • War • Government policy • Elections • Terrorism • Likely changes to the political environment. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stage of business cycle. • Current and projected economic growth • International trends • Job growth • Inflation and interest rates. • Unemployment and labour supply. • Levels of disposable income across economy and income distribution. • Globalization. • Likely changes to the economic environment. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population growth and demographics. • Health, education and social mobility of the population • Consumer attitudes • Advertising and media • National and regional culture • Lifestyle choices and attitudes to these. • Levels of health and education • Major events • Socio-cultural changes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impact of new technologies. • Inventions and innovations • The internet and how it affects working and business • Licensing and patents • Research funding and Development. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Home legislation • International legislation • Employment law • New laws • Regulatory bodies • Environmental regulation • Industry-specific regulations • Consumer protection. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ecology • International environmental issues • National environmental issues • Local environmental issues • Environmental regulations • Organizational culture • Staff morale and attitudes.

Appendix 2: Risk Assessment Criteria for Likelihood of an event happening

Likelihood

Score 1	Score 2	Score 3	Score 4	Score 5
Rare	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Almost Certain
<p>Previous experience at this and other similar councils makes this outcome highly unlikely to occur.</p> <p>Could occur at least once between 10-15 years</p>	<p>Previous experience discounts this risk as being likely to occur but other councils have experienced problems in this area.</p> <p>Could occur at least once between 5-10 years</p>	<p>The council has in the past experienced problems in this area but not in the last three years.</p> <p>Could occur at least once between 1-5 years</p>	<p>The council has experienced problems in this area in the last three years.</p> <p>Could occur at least once per year</p>	<p>The council is experiencing problems in this area or expects to in the next 12 months.</p> <p>Likely to occur more than once per year</p>
<p>There are effective, tested and verifiable controls in place that prevent occurrence of this risk.</p>	<p>There are controls in place that whilst not tested appear to be effective.</p>	<p>Some controls are in place and generally work but there have been occasions when they have failed and problems have arisen.</p>	<p>Controls may be in place but are generally ignored or ineffective.</p>	<p>No controls are in place.</p>

Where the probability and timing score differently, a judgement should be made as to the correct likelihood score.

Appendix 3: Risk Assessment Criteria for the impact that an event would have

Aspect	Score 1 Negligible	Score 2 Minor	Score 3 Moderate	Score 4 Major	Score 5 Severe
Financial	Little or no financial impact (less than £5,000)	The financial impact would be losses or lost income of no greater than £25,000	The financial impact would result in losses or lost income of no greater than £100,000.	The financial impact would result in losses or lost income of no greater than £500,000	The financial impact would be greater than £500,000.
Service	Council Services are not disrupted	Some temporary disruption to the activities of one council service but not beyond this.	Regular disruption to the activities for one or more council service.	Severe service disruption on a departmental level or regular disruption affecting more than one department.	Severe disruption to the activities of all council departments. Long term suspension of a service or statutory duties not delivered
Project	Projects experience minor delay (days)	A few project milestones missed	Significant project milestones missed / delayed	A major project milestone missed	Project does not achieve objectives and misses majority of milestones
Health and Safety	One Injury or illness requiring First Aid Treatment No lost time injury days	Injury or illness requiring medical treatment Lost time injury <10 days	Serious injury or illness Lost time injury >10 days	Significant / extensive injury or illness Permanent or partial disability	Multiple Loss of Life / Large scale major illness Permanent Total
Corporate Well-being Objective delivery	No impact on the delivery of the Council's Corporate Well-being Objectives.	It may cost more or there may be delay in delivering one of the Council's Corporate Well-Being Objectives	A number of Corporate Well-being objectives would be delayed or not delivered	Many corporate objectives delayed or not delivered.	Unable to deliver most objectives.
	Morale: No effect	Morale: Some hostile relationships and minor non-cooperation	Morale: Hostile relationships and major non-cooperation across the organisation	Morale: Industrial Action	Morale: Mass Staff leaving / unable to attract staff

Aspect	Score 1 Negligible	Score 2 Minor	Score 3 Moderate	Score 4 Major	Score 5 Severe
Reputation	No media attention / minor letters	Adverse local media Leader	One off national media exposure	Reputation: Prolonged Adverse National exposure	Extensive coverage in National Press and on TV. Requires resignation of Senior Officer / Member
Government Objectives	No effect	Poor Assessments(s)	Service taken over temporarily	Service taken over temporarily	Service taken over permanently
Statutory / Legal Obligations	No impact / breach	Warning received	Breach Challenging Improvement Notice	Enforcement Action Improvement Notice	Prosecution Fine
Community Risk	Insignificant impact to health, persons displaced disruption to community services, economy and environment	Minor impact to health, persons displaced disruption to community services, economy and environment	Damage to specific location or number of locations, fatalities and some casualties, displacement of > 100 people for 1 – 3 days, Limited impact on	Significant damage, 100 to 500 people displaced for longer than 1 week, significant impact on community services and environment	Significant of fatalities and injuries, extensive damage to property, displacement of >500 people for prolonged duration, serious damage to
Confidence	No loss of confidence and trust in the council	Some loss of confidence and trust in the council felt by a certain group or within a small	A general loss of confidence and trust in the council within the local community.	A major loss of confidence and trust in the council within the local community.	A disastrous loss of confidence and trust in the council both locally and nationally.

Identify the impact most relevant to the risk being evaluated (it is not necessary for all points in each category to apply).



Appendix 4: Levels of Risk

Low Risk (1-4)	<p>Either a remote or possible likelihood of occurrence</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Slight inconvenience/difficulty in operational performance of function/activity area. ▪ Some accountability implications for the function/activity area, but would not affect the Authority/Service/Team ability to meet key reporting requirements. ▪ Recovery from such consequences would be handled quickly without the need to divert resources from core activity areas. ▪ Some minor effects on ability of stakeholders to pursue rights and entitlements. For example, other sources or avenues would be available to stakeholders. ▪ Public perceptions of the Authority/Service/Team would alter slightly, but no significant damage or disruption occurs. 	Team / Service Risk Accept or manage by routine procedures
Medium Risk (5-12)	<p>Either a remote likelihood, a possible likelihood of occurrence or is likely to occur</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Operational performance of Authority/Service/Team would be compromised to the extent that revised planning would be required to overcome difficulties experienced by function/activity area ▪ The Authority/Service/Team would experience difficulty in complying with key reporting requirements, which would jeopardise some Council interests. ▪ Recovery would be more gradual and require detailed corporate planning with resources being diverted from core activity areas. ▪ Stakeholders would experience considerable difficulty in pursuing rights and entitlements. ▪ Considerable adverse public reaction would result in some damage and disruption to the Authority/Service/Team 	Corporate or Service Risk Manage by specific monitoring or response procedures , with responsibilities identified
High Risk (15-20)	<p>Is likely to occur</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Operational performance would be compromised to the extent that the Authority/Service/Team is unable to meet obligations and liabilities in core activity areas. ▪ Severe accountability implications would result in the organisation being unable to meet key reporting requirements. ▪ The Authority/Service/Team would incur significant financial losses. ▪ Major adverse repercussions would affect large sectors of the Council and its clients, including the general public. ▪ Stakeholders could face life-threatening consequences. ▪ The Authority/Service/Team would have difficulty in recovering from such consequences. 	Corporate Risk Must be considered for escalation for further review, planning and management
Critical Risk (25)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The Authority/Service/Team would be unable to recover from such consequences. ▪ Stakeholders would face life-threatening consequences. ▪ Severe adverse repercussions would affect large sectors of the Council and its clients, including the general public ▪ The Authority/Service/Team would cease to operate. 	Corporate Risk As above and Detailed contingency action plan required.

Appendix 5: Risk Proposal Template

CYFEIRNOD RISG: RISK ID:	<i>Cynhyrchwyd gan y System System Generated</i>	TEITL TITLE	<i>Teitl Byr Short Title</i>	
PERCHENNOG/SWYDDOG DIWEDDARU OWNER/UDATING OFFICER		SWYDDOG ARWEINIOL CORFFORAETHOL SY'N GYFRIFOL RESPONSIBLE CLO		
RHANDDEILIAID STAKEHOLDERS	<i>Enwch eraill a all fod â diddordeb/ a all gael effaith ar y risg Name others who may have an interest/impact on the risk</i>			
DISGRIFIAD O'R RISG RISK DESCRIPTION	<i>Beth yw'r Risg What is the Risk</i> <i>Mae yna risg o X, oherwydd Y, There's a risk of X, due to Y,</i>			
CANLYNIADAU POSIBL I'r Gwasanaeth ac I'r Cyngor POTENTIAL CONSEQUENCES To Service and To Council	<i>Gwnewch yn glir Make clear</i> <i>a allai arwain at Z ac a fydd yn effeithio ar y Gwasanaeth/Cyngor drwy.... which may result in Z' and will impact on the Service/Council by...</i>			
TYSTIOLAETH O RISG Enghreifftiau o'r Risg yn digwydd dros amser EVIDENCE OF RISK Incidences of the Risk Occurring overtime	<i>Rhowch enghreifftiau a/neu wybodaeth i ddarlunio'r risg. Cyfeiriwch at y matrices tebygolrwydd Provide examples and/or information to illustrate the risk. Relate to the likelihood matrix</i>			
Dadansoddiad RISG RISK Analysis	Math o risg	Risk Type	Prif GATEGORI	Main CATEGORY
	Dewiswch eitem.	Choose an item.	Dewiswch eitem.	Choose an item.
Asesiad Risg Cychwynnol	Posibilirwydd Dewiswch eitem.	EFFAITH Dewiswch eitem.	SGÔR (TebygolrwyddxEffaith) Dewiswch eitem.	
Initial Risk Assessment	Probability Choose an item.	IMPACT Choose an item.	SCORE (Probability x Impact) Choose an item.	
Mesur Measure <i>Cofiwch gynnwys mesur ar gyfer y risg Include a measure for the risk</i>	Disgrifiad Description		Lefel Bresennol Current Level	Lefel Darged Target Level
Sut y bwriedir trin y risg Risk Treatment	Dewiswch eitem.			
	Choose an item.			

Continued on next page

CAMAU I LINIARU'R RISG ACTIONS TO MITIGATE RISK <i>Teitl byr</i> <i>Brief Title</i>	CAM I'W GYMRYD ACTION <i>Disgrifiwch y cam a gymerir i liniaru'r risg</i>		EFFAITH DDISGWYLIEDIG Y CAM EXPECTED IMPACT OF THE ACTION <i>Sut bydd y cam gweithredu hwn yn lleihau/liniaru'r risg</i> <i>How will this action reduce/mitigate the risk or exploit the risk.</i>	
1				
2				
ADNODDAU ANGENRHEIDIOL AR GYFER LLINIARU'R RISG RESOURCES REQUIRED TO MITIGATE THE RISK	<i>Amlinellwch yr adnoddau y mae eu hangen er mwyn cyflawni'r camau gweithredu uchod, gan gynnwys unrhyw adnoddau ariannol y bydd eu hangen</i> <i>Outline the resources that are required to deliver the actions above include any financial resources that may be required</i>			
ASESIAD RISG NEWYDD				
NEW RISK ASSESSMENT				
Asesiad Risg newydd gyda chamau gweithredu lliniarol yn eu lle	Posibilirwydd Dewiswch eitem.	EFFAITH Dewiswch eitem.	SGÔR (TebygolrwyddxEffaith) Dewiswch eitem.	
New Risk Assessment with mitigating actions in place	Probability <i>Choose an item.</i>	IMPACT <i>Choose an item.</i>	SCORE (Probability x Impact) <i>Choose an item.</i>	
DYDDIAD CYCHWYN START DATE			DYDDIAD GORFFEN END DATE	
Risg yn cael ei dderbyn gan Acceptance of Risk By	Reolwr y Tîm/Swyddog Arweiniol Corfforaethol/Grŵp Arweiniol/Gadeirydd y Bartneriaeth/Y Gymuned Team Manager / CLO / Leadership Group / Partnership Chair / Community			
Llofnodwyd Signed			Dyddiad Date	
Cyfeiriwyd at y Pwyllgor Craffu	Dyddiau Date	Pwyllgor Craffu Scrutiny Committee		
Referred to Scrutiny				